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## IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-5 (Canceled).

6. (Withdrawn) A fuel injector having a fuel inlet, a fuel outlet, and a fuel passageway extending from the fuel inlet to the fuel outlet along a longitudinal axis, the fuel injector comprising:

a body having an inlet portion, an outlet portion, and a body passage extending from the inlet portion to the outlet portion along the longitudinal axis;

an armature proximate the inlet portion of the body;

a needle operatively connected to the armature;

a swirl generator proximate the needle;

a seat disposed at the outlet portion of said body, the seat including a first surface exposed to the body passage and a second surface exposed to an exterior of the fuel injector, the first surface being spaced from the second surface a defined distance along the longitudinal axis, the first portion having at least one cut-out configuration that extends from the first surface for a fraction of the defined distance into an interior of seat.

- 7. (Withdrawn) The fuel injector of claim 6, wherein the at least one cut-out comprises at least one volume that defines at least one wall in the interior of the seat.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The fuel injector of claim 7, wherein the at least one volume comprises one of a plurality of volumes and a channel.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The fuel injector of claim 8, wherein the swirl generator comprises at least one flat disk;

wherein the seat includes a seat passage, the seat passage including a funnel extending between the first surface and the second surface; and

wherein the needle includes a curved surface that engages with a conical end of the funnel to inhibit fuel flow through the seat passage of the seat.

Claims 10-19 (Canceled).

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20. (Original) A method of stabilizing temperature of a fuel injector in a direct injection application, the fuel injector having a body; an armature proximate an inlet of the body; a needle operatively connected to the armature; a seat disposed at the outlet of the body; and a swirl generator proximate the seat, the method comprising:

providing the needle with a substantially uniform cross-sectional area; and selecting the body to surround the needle and form a body passage, the body passage maintains an operative relationship between the body and the needle;

wherein fuel in the body passage transfers heat from the body to the needle to maintain a minimum temperature gradient and to maintain an operative relationship between the body and the needle.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the average cross-sectional area of the body passage is less than 2.25 times the substantially uniform cross-sectional area of the needle.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the step of providing further comprises providing a substantially cylindrical member as the needle, and a cylindrical annulus as a neck of the body, the cylindrical annulus having an inner diameter that is no more than 50% greater than substantially uniform diameter of the substantially cylindrical member, and an outer diameter that is no less than 100% greater than the inner diameter.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, further comprising:

  providing the seat with a first surface exposed to the fuel passageway and a second surface exposed to an exterior of the fuel injector; and

configuring at least one cut-out in the first surface to form a wall that extends into an interior of seat.

- 24. (New) The method of clarn 23, wherein the at least one cut-out comprises a plurality of volumes, and each of the plurality of volumes is defined by a respective wall.
- 25. (New) The method of clam 24, wherein each of the respective walls comprises a cylindrical side wall and an end wall.

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- 26. (New) The method of claim 24, wherein each of the plurality of volumes are disposed concentrically with respect to the needle.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 26, wherein each of the plurality of volumes are disposed equiangularly about the needle.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 23, wherein the at least one cut-out comprises an annular recess.
- 29. (New) The method of claim 28, wherein the annular recess is disposed concentrically with respect to the needle.